

# Challenges to the use and conservation of pollinators in Germany, Jordan and Kenya



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# Challenges to the use and conservation of pollinators

## Conclusions

On-farm conservation

Rearing workaholic bees

Convincing economy?



## Germany

Decline of beekeepers and colonies

Natural Habitats

Management of orchards

Features of varieties

Pollinators in green houses

## Kenya

Tea and Passionfruit at Mt. Kenya

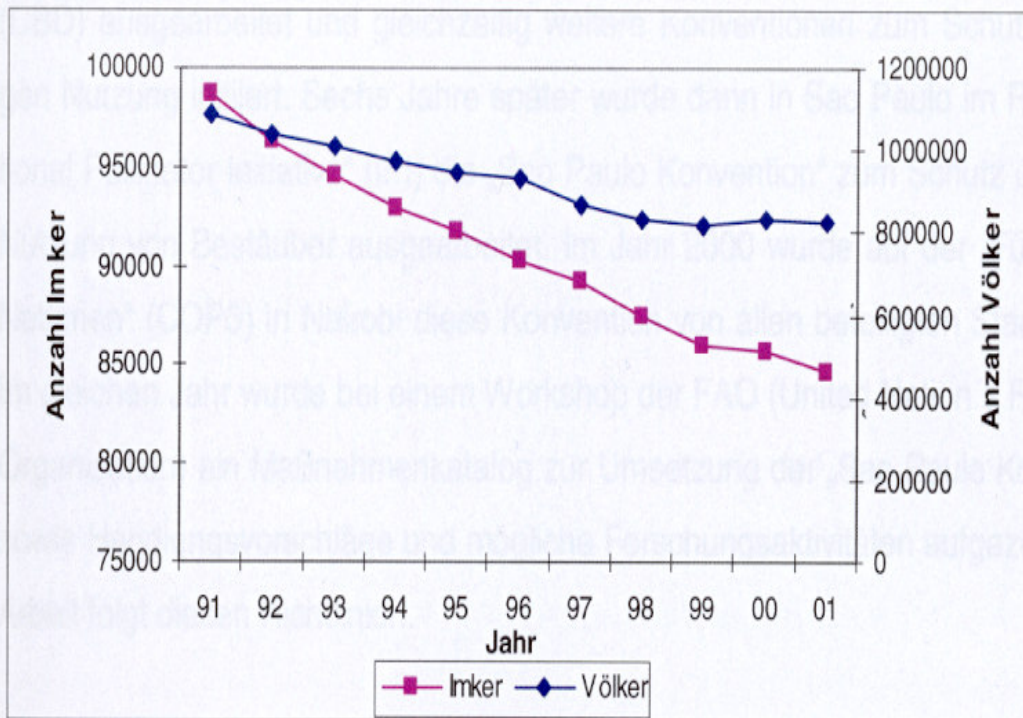
Bee habitats

## Jordan

Who are the pollinators?

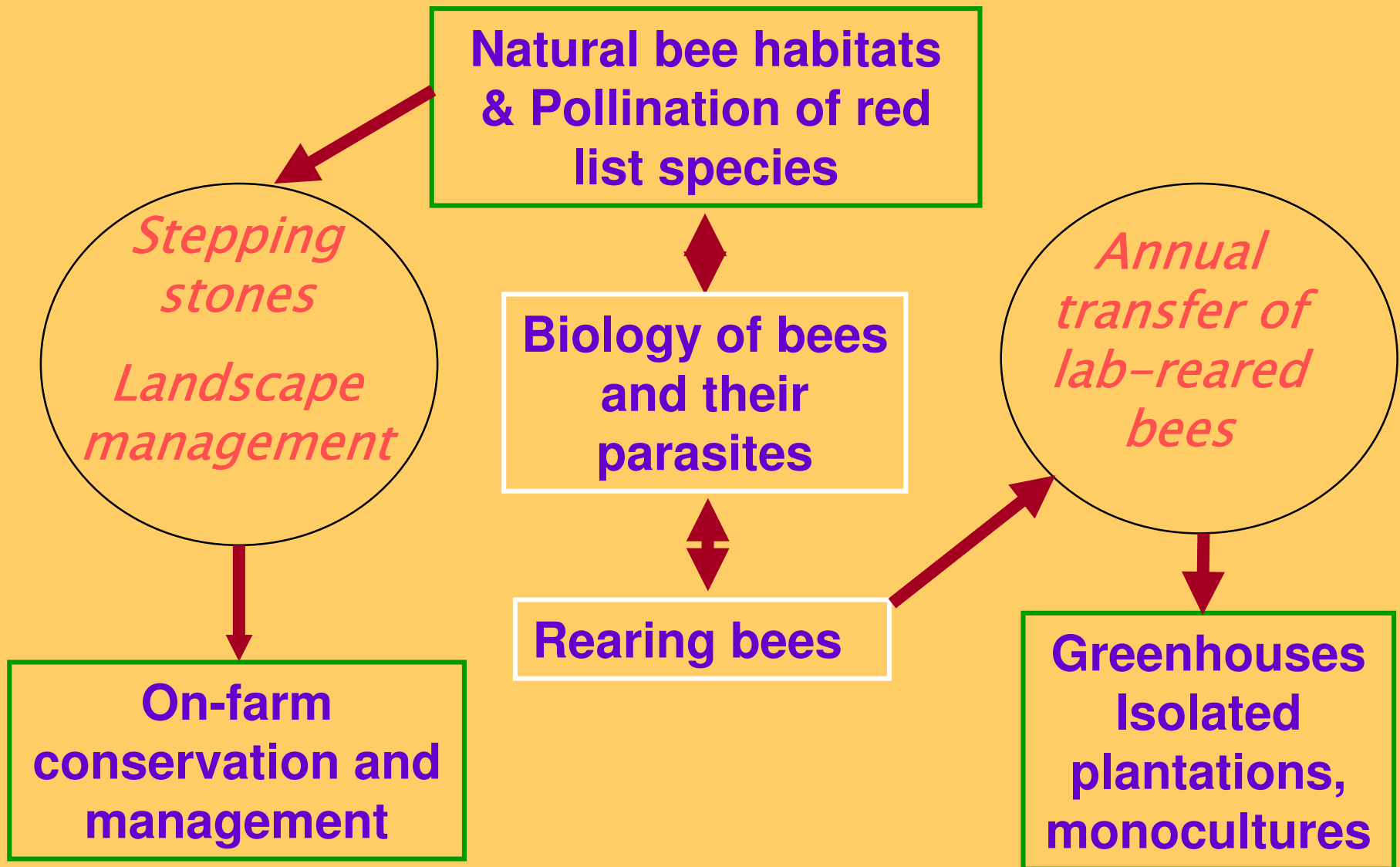
Managing pollinators in Jordan Valley

Managing pollinators in the desert



**Decline of beekeepers and honeybees**

# Conservation and sustainable use of bees



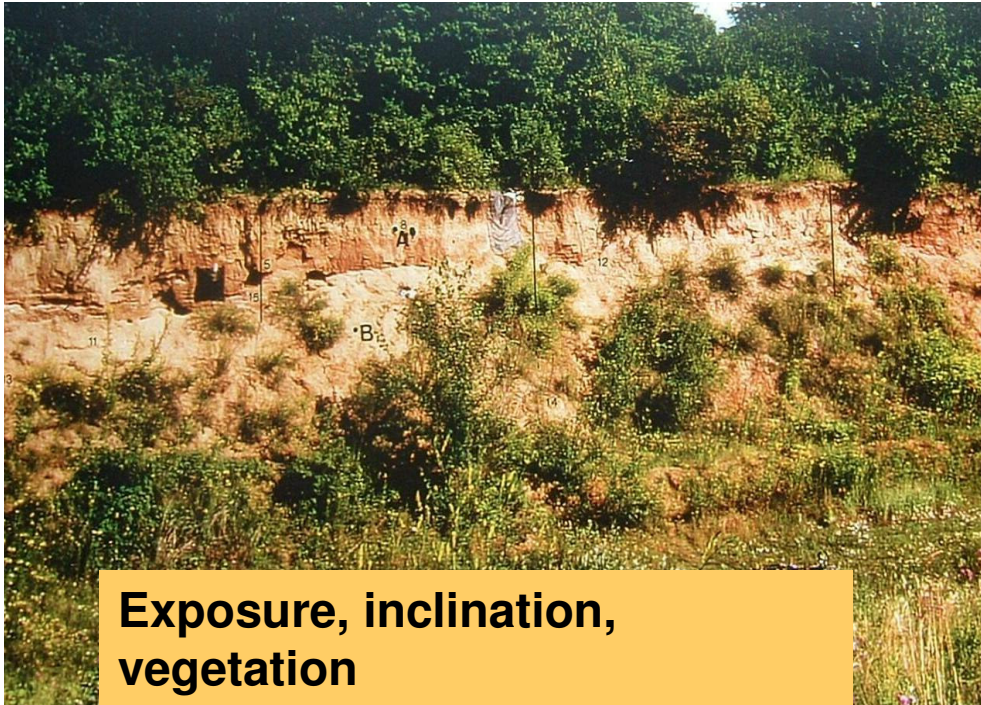


# **Studying natural habitats**

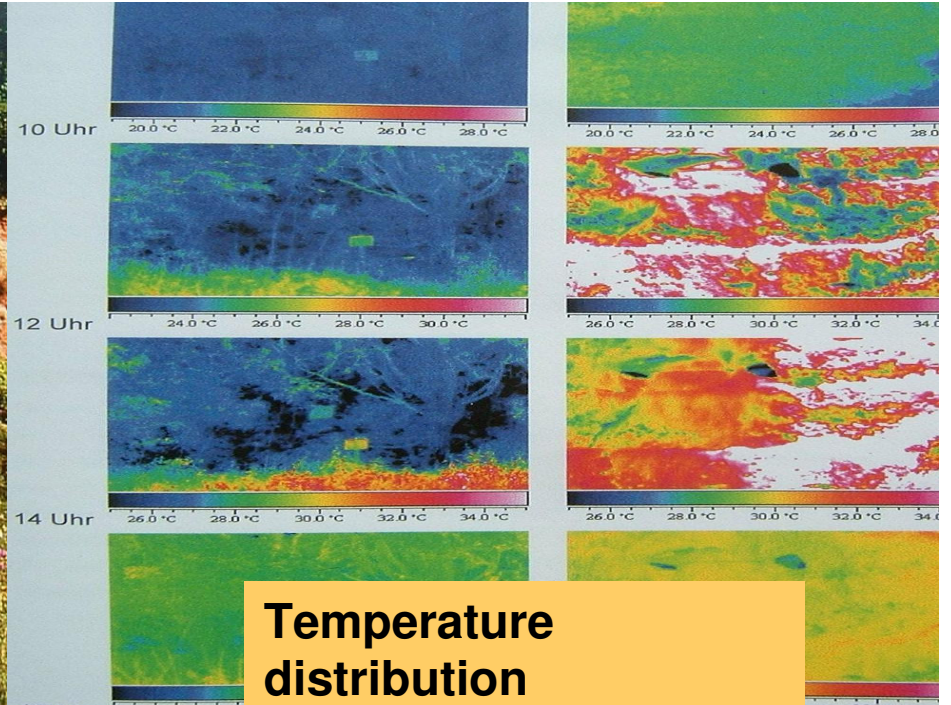
## **Characteristics of cliffs as nesting habitats**



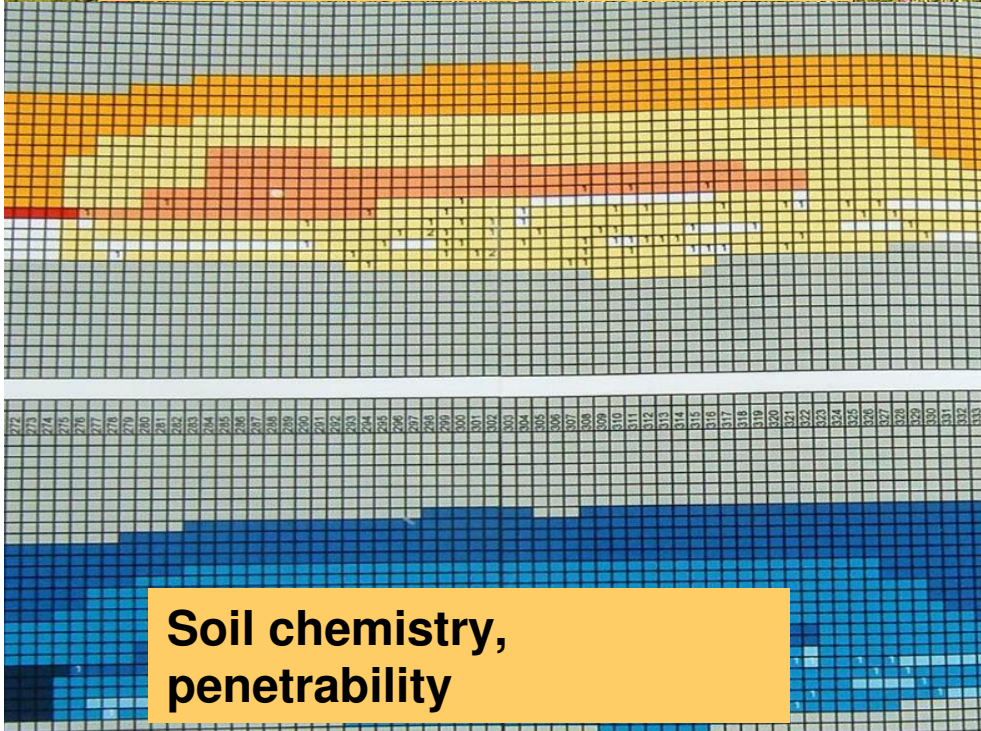




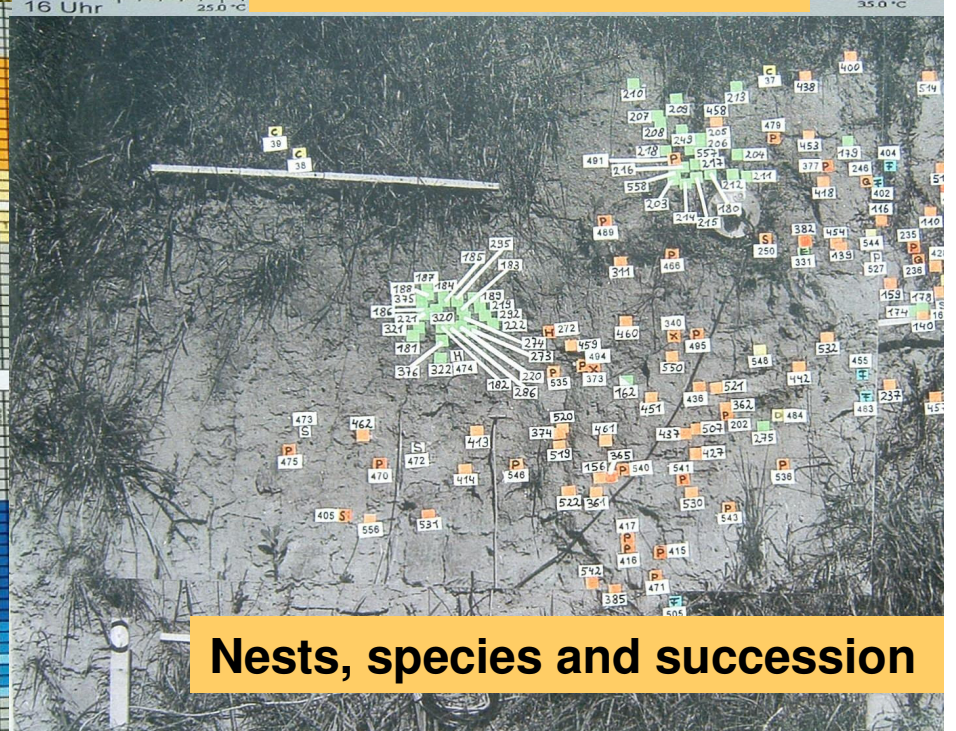
**Exposure, inclination,  
vegetation**



**Temperature  
distribution**



**Soil chemistry,  
penetrability**



**Nests, species and succession**



## Candidates for pollination in orchards



*Osmia cornuta* prefers  
pollen from Rosaceae like  
apple and cherry trees







## Candidates for pollination in orchards

**Osmia rufa** accepts trap  
nests and collects pollen  
from Rosaceae like apple-  
and cherry trees







*Andrena haemorrhoa*  
collects pollen from  
apple and cherry trees.  
It nists in sandy soil,  
sparsely covered with  
vegetation.

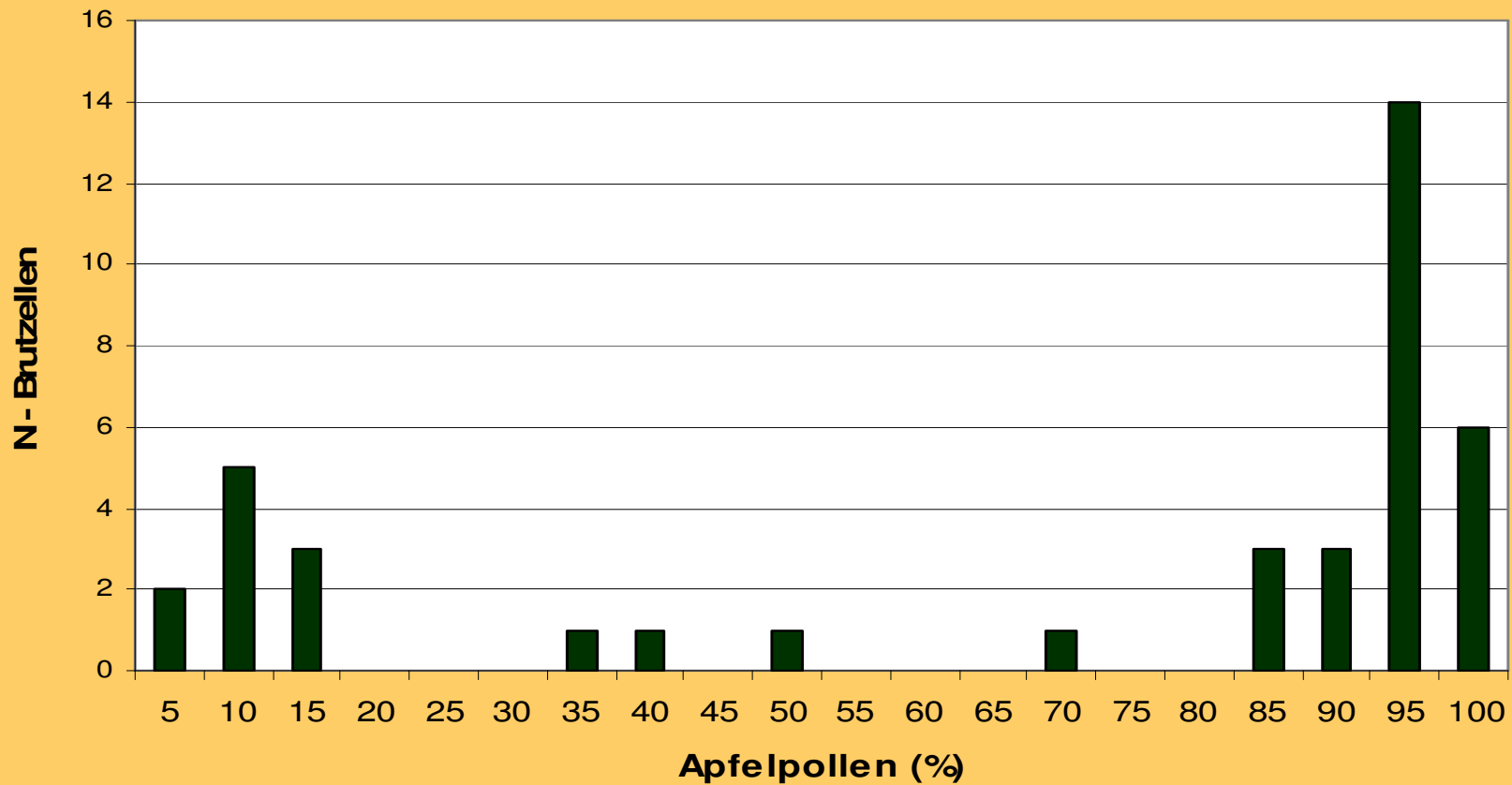


# Characterizing pollinators



**Population size,  
frequency at flower,  
anther & stigma  
contact, pollen  
deposition, quanti. &  
quali. composition  
of pollen load,  
cross pollinating**

# Characterizing pollinators



**Proportions of apple pollen in brood cells of *Osmia rufa***

# Characterizing pollinators

## Behaviour of bees on apple flowers

	<b>Apis mellifera</b>	<b>Osmia cornuta</b>	<b>Bombus terrestris</b>
<b>flower visits n</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>217</b>
<b>stigma contacts n</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>211</b>
<b>stigma contacts [%]</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>97%</b>



# On-farm management of pollinators

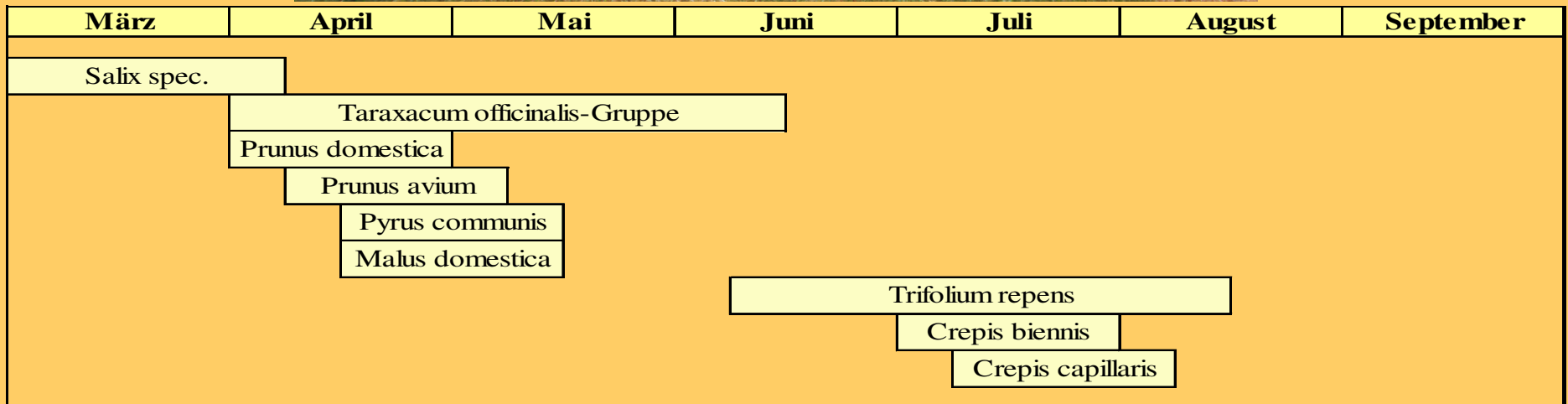




# Characterizing orchards and their surroundings as bee habitats







**Phaenogram of dominant melittophilous plants in the plantation**

# Surroundings of Plantations



Type of biotope	area [ha]	area [%]
Acre	165,2	52,1
Fruit plantation	77,2	24,4
Plantation of trees	32,7	10,3
Roads	26,7	8,4
Strawberry plantation	5,6	1,8
Water	3,4	1,1
Forest	1,5	0,5
Area temporarily out of use	1,5	0,5
Settlement	1,3	0,4
Fruit plantation out of use	1,2	0,4
Pasture	0,5	0,2
Total area	316,8	100





März

April

Mai

Juni

Juli

August

September

*Malus domestica*

*Crataegus monogyna*

*Fragaria x ananassa*

*Vicia sepium*

*Galium mollugo*

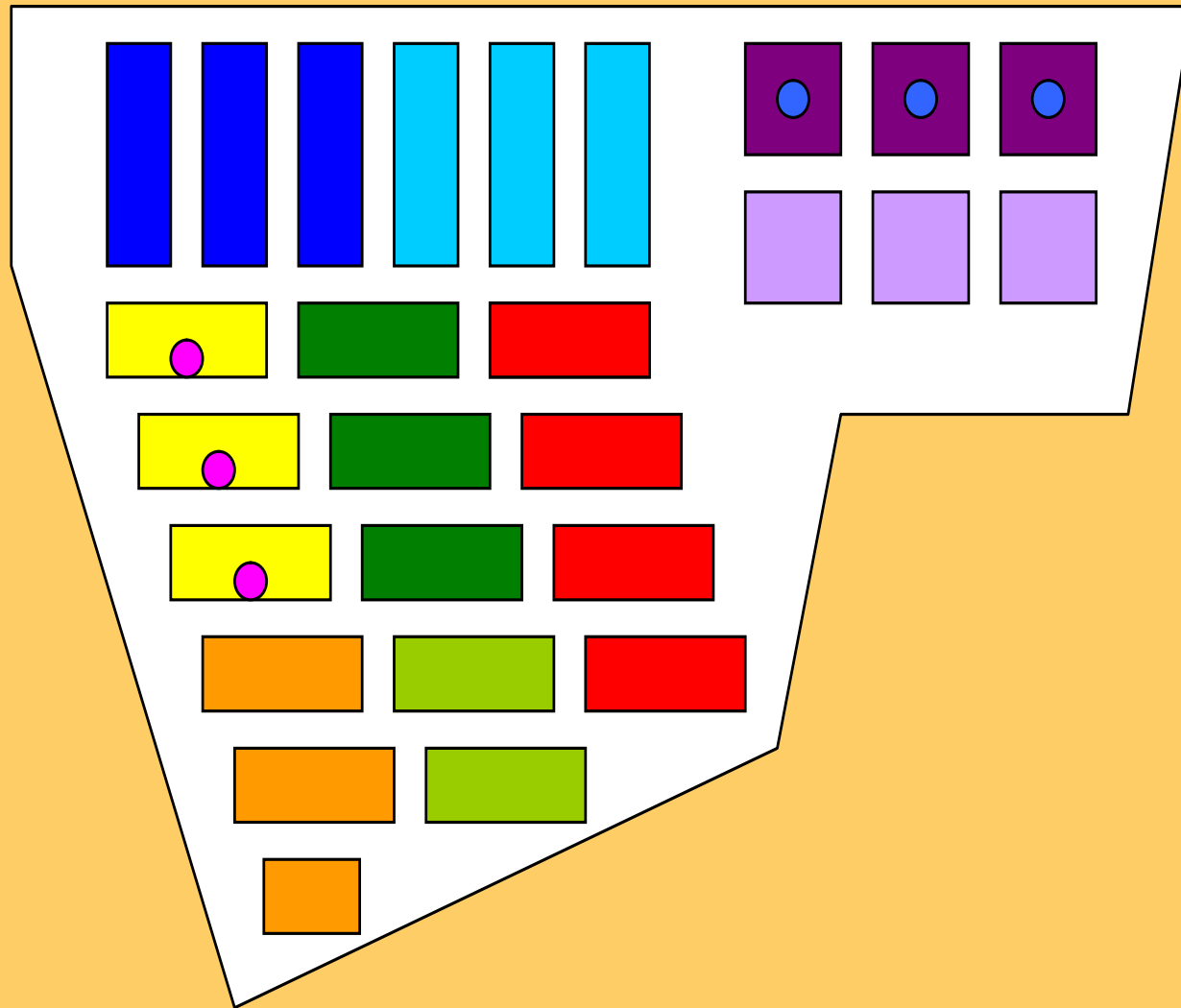
*Epilobium hirsutum*

*Achillea millefolium*

*Chrysanthemum vulgare*

*Heracleum sphondylium*

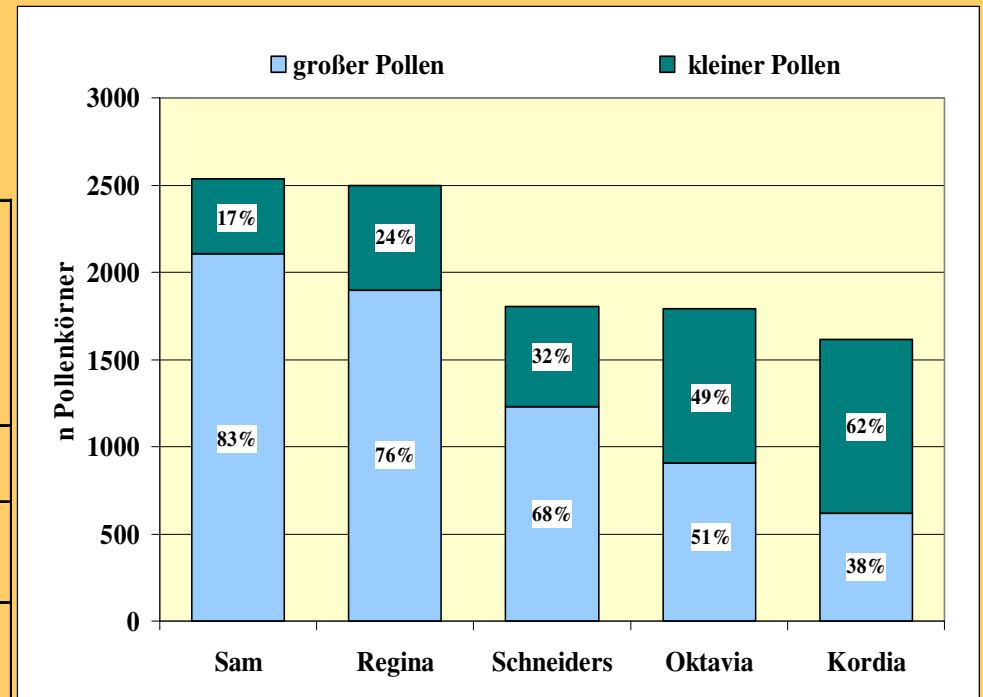
# Characterizing crop varieties



# Characterizing crop varieties

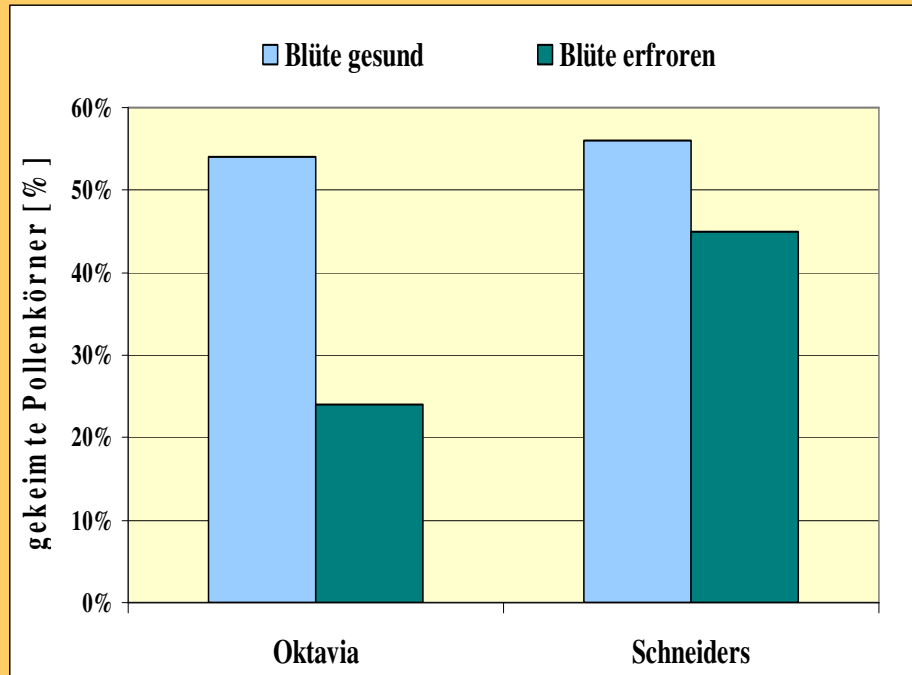
Fruit set in cherries after manual pollination with different varieties

	Donor Schneider fruit set [%]	Donor Octavia fruit set [%]
autopollination	0	74
same variety cross	73	No data
other variety	72	56



Number and percent of fertile and sterile pollen per anther in varieties of sweet cherries

# Characterizing crop varieties



Percent of viable pollen from healthy and frozen blossoms of two varieties  
of sweet cherry (Oktavia: n=3698, Schneiders: n=4256)

## Resources from sweet cherries per ha

variety	nectar l /ha	pollen grains n/ha
Sam	629	$3,9 * 10^{12}$
Oktavia	493	$2,5 * 10^{12}$
Regina	484	$3,4 * 10^{12}$
Schneiders	403	$2,5 * 10^{12}$



# Do aliens need no or new partners ?



**In Germany squash varieties are cultivated since the 60ties.**  
**Which breeding system?**





**Rearing Bombus  
„with a little help  
of their friends“**

**Know-how transfer to:  
Mexico, Colombia**





**Best  
management  
practices?**

**Sustainability?**

**Not habitat  
conservation  
but animal  
protection?**



# Costs of pollination management



**Comparing colony sizes, honey yields,  
working hours and fruit yields  
(Apis : Bombus)**





# **„Fuit-Oases“ in Jordan**





# Who and where are the pollinators?





# Aliens in Jordan Valley: No water and space for bee habitats





# Hanging gardens above the desert



Getting lost in repetitive landmarks



# Bee shuttle to pollinator prisons



**Limits of  
pollinator  
management?  
Not sustainable  
High cost  
Alternatives:  
Plant breeding  
autocompatibility**



# Tea and passion fruit at Mt. Kenya





**Only the wrong bee is available**





**No bee habitats  
available**





## **Obstacles to sustainable use**

- Socio-economic situation
- No space
- No water
- Bees do not reproduce at working site
- Depletion of natural populations

# **Thank you**

**And thanks to:**

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# Pollination of exotic crops

Who does the job?















